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POST

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Column One
By
David Courtney

A TREMOR of hope has passed through the world: two soldiers are to meet, one from north of the 38th Parallel and the other from south of it. They have agreed on purpose, time and place; and at the end there may be a stop to the shooting. Mr. Morrison, who has been in touch with the British Mission in Peking, seems to think there will be. Washington is less confident. It would surprise no one in Washington, even now, if the Malik gesture should turn out to be deceitfulness. That ten-day lag required by the Chinese Commander is causing heads to shake. What does he need the ten days for?

■

PROBABLY there is a reasonable answer. Cautious, knowledgeable observers are pointing out that all the evidence shows that the Chinese genuinely want peace; and, for that matter, so do the Americans and the Russians. The Chinese want peace because their losses have been heavy and they have a lot of work to do: they are busy, for example, on an enormous flood control project along the Hwai river, with over two million workers and technicians engaged, and the prospect of safe harvests for more than one-seventh of China's arable land. Russia thinks Korea has frightened the West European governments and persuaded them to hand over bases to the United States, and as the bases are beginning to worry her, she would like peace in Korea and better heart in West Europe. America wants peace because no one can tell what might happen if the Korean war drags on, or what small but unexpected incident might force the Administration to take over General MacArthur's policy.

■

THERE is another little matter that may have been of some importance in providing the motive for Mr. Malik's initiative, and may yet prove to be important in its effect upon the actual truce and peace negotiations and upon wider negotiations in the future. The Senatorial hearings on the dismissal of MacArthur have revealed United States foreign policy even down to the technical means for promoting it. They have shown that whilst the United States has its share of firebrands and its full measure of muddle, the ruling Administration is by no means bloodthirsty and still keeps a reasonably firm rein on recklessness. Presumably, there are some people in Moscow who were impressed by the scope and frankness of the MacArthur hearings. It has been suggested that Stalin himself was impressed; and it is a curious fact that Mr. Malik's Korean proposals were couched in the question and answer terminology reminiscent of Stalin on such occasions.

■

PERHAPS one is clutching at straws; but a great many people, high as well as low, East, no doubt, as well as West, are eagerly clutching. The indication is that most people and most nations are sorely afraid, and are tempted to believe that matters may get out of hand unless a check is put upon the causes of tension. A successful outcome to the Korean negotiations would be a solid and most profitable check.

Tel Aviv, July 4.

Knesset Finishes Work By Passing Amendments

POST Parliamentary Correspondent

Israel's First Knesset last night officially wound up its legislative activities with the final approval of a number of amendments to the Military Service, Rent Control and Loans law. A number of top priority items such as the Women's Military Service and Women's Equal Rights Bills were left in committee.

On Monday night, the House approved a proposal by the Prime Minister to put the Women's Rights legislation on the books before elections. It is therefore believed that it will exercise its self-given prerogative of calling an extraordinary session in two weeks.

The way to such a session was cleared when the House empowered the Cabinet, the Presidium or any group of 20 members to call it into session.

According to its original adjournment decision, which provided that the House would hold its last session last night, the Knesset is to meet again on August 6, a week after the elections for the Second Knesset. It is believed that the Jalameh investigations will be discussed at that time.

The Defence Service amendments provide that Reserve soldiers may be called up for two days of service every two months or three days of service every three months, instead of one day a month, as is the present arrangement. The one-month's annual service may be divided at the Army's discretion into two terms, and into three with the consent of the Reservist.

The first of the rent control amendments protects owner-occupants of a house from eviction or rises in rent in case of the sale of the house. Similar safeguards are extended to persons owning and living in a part of a flat.

The second amendment safeguards the widow and heirs of a shopkeeper or artisan against eviction from the shop or workshop in the event of the death of the husband or father who rented the premises. Heretofore, such safeguards protected only the living accommodations of the heirs.

The House also decided to extend to December 31 those Defence Regulations which were not previously renewed or replaced; with the exception of Paragraph 49 and 53, which deal with matters covered in others of the new regulations.

Inquiry Begun Into Death of Three

RAMLE, Tuesday (ITIM).— Army and police officers today attended the first meeting of the Court of Inquiry set up to investigate the causes of the incident in the south on Sunday night when three men were killed and another injured through a misunderstanding of recognition signals.

World Socialist Executive Elected

FRANKFURT, Tuesday (Reuter). — Mr. Morgan Phillips, Secretary-General of the British Labour Party, was today elected Chairman of the new Socialist International by the General Council of the Organisation here today.

Mr. Erich Ollenhauer, Deputy Chairman of the West German Socialist party, and M. Louis Levy of the French Socialist Party were elected deputy chairmen.

Mr. Braunthal of Britain was chosen Secretary-General of the Socialist International.

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Quarry Blast Kills 8, Hurts 6

A shattering mid-day blast yesterday of more than a half-ton of explosives killed eight workmen and injured six others at the northern quarry of Even v'Sid on Castel Hill, 17 kilometres west of Jerusalem. The 14 victims were gathered around two huts at the quarry shortly before 12.00 p.m. One hut was used as an office, the other contained the explosives used for blasting. Some of the workers near the scene said that a few seconds before the blast they saw a small flame emerge from the explosives hut and saw some of the 14 men run towards it.

The explosion knocked down a number of other workers, who were at varying distances from the spot. Few traces of the two huts were found. Pieces of wood and tin were blown over a 100-metre area and earth and rocks were seared. The blast was heard throughout Jerusalem.

Magen David Adom ambulances and personnel rushed to the scene with a police escort.

Three members of the Knesset Labour Committee— Messrs. A. Govrin, Chairman, David Hacohen, who is also a director of Solel Boneh of which Even v'Sid is a subsidiary; and H. Razon.

Mr. Govrin later told the Knesset that the Committee would study the results of the investigations now being conducted by the police and the company. He also expressed the Knesset's condolences to the families of the victims.

News Spread Rapidly

News of the tragedy spread rapidly through the capital and nearby villages and settlements. A large number of persons whose relatives are employed at the three quarries hurried to the quarry, but were restrained by police from getting to the scene of the accident.

There were mixed scenes of joy and despair—visitors who found their relatives and those who did not. The dead were removed to the Bikur Holim mortuary.

Wives and children of men who work at the quarries pleaded with police to be permitted to see the bodies. They said that their relatives had not come home at the regular time and feared that they might be among the victims. But the police only permitted other employees to examine the dead in an effort to identify them.

Other crowds gathered at the Hadassah and Sha'arei Zedek Hospitals. They begged police and hospital attendants for the names of the injured.

The identified dead at Bikur Holim are: Yitzhak Gelman, 48, veteran foreman of the quarry, Yussef Mahmoud el Hamid Bashir, 22, of Abu Ghosh and Pinhas Pauker, of Hartuv.

Yitzhak Mishan of Rehov Mamilla, died of injuries at Hadassah Hospital. The four others have not been positively identified.

Those injured, who are at Hadassah Hospital, and their approximate ages, are: Moshe Cohen, 22, of Ein Karem; Yossef Kastel, 45, of the Zichron Yossef quarter; Nissim Gimeli, 15, of Ein Karem; and Mohammed el Abid Halil, of Abu Ghosh. Those in Sha'arei Zedek are: Yaacov Kantargi, 42, of Bethlehem Road, and Avraham Aboud Levy, 30, of the Sha'arei Rahamim quarter.

Trains Run Again After Derailment

Rail service from Jerusalem was resumed at 4.30 yesterday afternoon after a locomotive and two empty freight cars were derailed on Monday evening near Jerusalem.

None of the railway workers was injured, it was announced yesterday. The General Manager of the Israel Railways, Mr. Moshe Palcovitz, visited the scene to examine the damage.

Opposition Claims On Arms Rejected

Although the majority of the Knesset Defence and Foreign Affairs Committee had rejected charges that intervention by Israel diplomats had prevented the Government from buying modern arms from Czechoslovakia, the Mapam and Herut opposition last night persisted in asserting that the charges were valid. The allegations were originally made by Mr. M. Bentov during the Huleh debate on May 29.

The issue came up in the Knesset yesterday when Mr. M. Argov, Chairman of the Defence and Foreign Affairs Committee, reported on the investigation made by the Committee, into the charges.

The Committee had held two meetings on the matter, Mr. Argov said. These meetings were attended by Foreign Minister Sharett; Mr. P. Saphir, Director-General of the Ministry of Defence; Mr. E. Avriel, former Israel Minister in Prague, and Mr. Bentov. The Committee had heard a detailed report on the negotiations of the arms purchases which had lasted a year and a half, and had found the charges to be unfounded, Mr. Argov said.

Mr. Ben Aharon (Mapam) presenting his party's minority stand in the Committee, maintained, however, that the findings of the Committee supported Mr. Bentov's charges. He said, that:

1) The hearings had proved that a visitor "from one of the Eastern countries" had arrived with samples of arms which were "favourably received" by Israel experts, but that no orders had been placed;
2) While Mr. Sharett claimed that the unidentified "East European power" had impeded conclusion of the negotiations, in point of fact, no agreement had ever been reached on the time of delivery and the terms of transport, and
3) The majority stand is the stand of Mapai, which opposed the establishment of a subcommittee for investigation.

Following announcements, Mr. Sharett asked for the floor "to prevent any silence from being interpreted as approval," and finally declared that Mr. Ben Aharon's statement had "distorted the content and intent" of what had been said to the Defence Committee.

Law Gives 14 Days' Leave to Workers

The holiday-with-pay principle is now legally established in Israel following the final reading of the Annual Leave Bill in the Knesset yesterday.

Employees will be entitled to a minimum of 14 days' paid vacation as from October 1 when the bill comes into force. Minimum requirements to be entitled to the leave are:

1) the employee must have worked at least 300 days out of a year's contract, or
2) must have worked 240 single days for the same employer in any one 12-month period.

75-Day Provision

Persons not satisfying these conditions, but who have worked more than 75 days with the same employer, will receive proportionally less leave.

In the case of persons having less than 75 days to their credit, the employer will pay over a sum equal to four per cent of the total wages received by the employee into a special Leave Fund to be created for each industry.

The Fund will be controlled by the employees under the supervision of the Ministry of Labour. Employers will be required to keep special leave books containing all data relating to employees' vacations. They will be subject to inspection by the Controller of Labour.

Sick Leave

Sick leave, Reserve service, and other leave will not be deductible from the annual vacation. Employees working during their leave will not be paid in lieu of vacation. This is designed to ensure that workers will really rest during their vacation.

Employees will be entitled to at least two weeks' prior notice of the date of their leave. They will be allowed to take only one week if they choose and add the remainder to the next year's leave period.

In its final form, the Law also covers farm labourers and other employees who were not included in the Bill at its first reading. Members of cooperative settlements are not covered by the Law.

Czech Court Hears Oatis 'Confession'

FRANKFURT, Tuesday (Reuter). — The trial ended in Prague today of Mr. William Oatis, Associated Press correspondent, who confessed in court yesterday that he had been an espionage agent acting on orders from his superiors in London and New York, official American sources revealed here. Sentence will be passed tomorrow.

(In Washington, a State Department spokesman said the Czech claims were "such as we have become familiar with in the past few years. They're merely playing the old record once more," he added.)

Mr. Oatis admitted having obtained political, economic and military information which the Government considered should have been kept secret in the interest of state security. Answering the prosecutor, he said he had been compelled to carry out his activities against the Czechoslovak state and people "on instruction from his superiors" and "under the influence of some Western diplomats."

'Knew of Murder'

The indictment accused him and three Czech employees of A.P. of having knowledge of the murder of a State Security officer which was alleged to have taken place before Mr. Oatis arrived in Prague. Most of the State's case yesterday afternoon centred on the alleged association of the four defendants with a terrorist group known as the Kanarek ring.

Most of the accusations, however, were concerned with routine stories sent to the A.P. Prague bureau in clear text over the teleprinters.

Copies of messages cleared to Mr. Oatis from A.P. offices in London and New York were submitted in evidence. They included requests for a check on reports that M. Clementis, the former Czech Foreign Minister, had disappeared and that four senior Security officers had been arrested. Mr. Oatis stated that the U.S. Embassy gave him several missions and named several Embassy officials.

The prosecutor alleged that A.P. and other Western news agencies were primarily spy centres. He named Mr. Robert Bigio of Reuters, Mr. Russel Jones, of United Press, and M. Gaston Fournier, of French News Agency as also engaged in espionage and Mr. Oatis gave evidence to support this charge. These three correspondents have already left the country.

Ridgway Set to Start Truce Talks Tomorrow

U.N. Chief Urges Haste

The complete text of General Ridgway's message is:

"I have received your reply to my message of June 30. I am prepared for my representatives to meet yours at Kaesong on July 10 or on an earlier date if your representatives complete their preparations before that date.

"Since agreement on armistice terms has to precede the cessation of hostilities, delay in initiating the meeting and reaching agreement will prolong the fighting and increase losses.

"To ensure efficient arrangements on the many details connected with the first meeting, I propose that, not to exceed three, my liaison officers have a preliminary meeting with an equal number of yours in Kaesong on July 5 or as soon as thereafter as practicable.

"If you concur, my liaison officers, the senior of which will not be above the rank of Colonel, will depart from Kimpo airfield, southwest Seoul, at 23.00 GMT on July 4th, or at the same hour on a day agreed upon, for this meeting, proceeding direct to Kaesong.

"In the event of bad weather, these officers will proceed in a convoy of three unarmed one quarter ton trucks, commonly know as Jeeps, along the main road from Seoul to Kaesong.

"Each vehicle will bear a large white flag. The convoy will cross the Imjin river on the Seoul-Kaesong road at about 23.00 GMT on July 4th or at the same time on a day agreed upon for this meeting.

"The convoy bearing your liaison officers to and from the meeting will be granted immunity from attack by my forces providing you advise me of its route and schedule and manner by which we may identify it."

TOKYO, Tuesday, (Reuter). — Shortwave stations throughout Japan and South Korea today continuously broadcast General Matthew Ridgway's agreement to cease-fire talks with the Communists at Kaesong, in no-man's-land on the 38th Parallel. The U.N. Supreme Commander offered to hold the main meeting earlier than July 10, which the Communists suggested, but agreed to that date if they desired it.

In his message to General Kim Il Sun, North Korean Commander, and General Peng Teh Huai, Commander of the Chinese Communist forces in Korea, General Ridgway also said he proposed to send liaison officers to Kaesong by helicopter or jeep to arrange details of the cease-fire meeting.

These officers — none of them above the rank of colonel—would travel to Kaesong in a white-flagged jeep if the weather was bad. Korean carpenters and American engineers were given 12 hours today to prepare a 17-coach "armistice train" drawn up in Seoul station.

Peking radio today explained the ten-day delay proposed by Communists in arranging a meeting was due to transport and communication difficulties.

In Washington, envoys of the United Nations with troops in Korea met at the State Department today to discuss the military situation and cease-fire arrangements. For the first time South Korea, which is not a member of the U.N., was represented.

Map showing the position of Kaesong, site of the proposed truce talks.

Truce Won't Stop US Arms Programme

WASHINGTON, Tuesday (Reuter). — A Korean truce "will have no effect" on the nation's arms programme, Mr. Charles Wilson, U.S. Defence Mobilizer, told the Senate Finance Committee today.

That programme, he declared, "must be based not upon the Korean fighting, but upon what we know to be the ultimate aims and present tactics of the Soviet Union.

"Until we know that there is a genuine change in the long-term aims of World Communism, we cannot afford to slow the pace of our own defence build-up and our aid to other countries."

Mr. Wilson urged the Committee to approve the $10,000 m. tax rise for which President Truman had asked.

Allies Blast Pyongyang

TOKYO, Tuesday (Reuter). —Clouds of smoke and flying debris blanketed the airfield at North Korea's capital Pyongyang after a mass raid by 66 U.S. war planes today. Superforts, Thunderjets and Shooting Stars loosened 11,000 kgs. of explosives at the airstrip, ripping runways and blasting buildings.

On the ground, light fighting was reported from the Kaesong area as the stage was set for preliminary cease-fire talks there — possibly within the next two days.

Eighth Army headquarters reported that part of a Communist battalion were thrown back northwest of Koranspori, near war-shattered Kaesong just south of the 38th Parallel. But the action continued into the night.

Majlis Ignores Premier's Plea, But Persian Line Still Firm

TEHERAN, Tuesday.—Persia's Parliament today ignored a request from Premier Mohammed Mossadeq for urgency in dealing with two measures linked up with the oil crisis. The Majlis adjourned for the day without voting on a proposal which would punish Persians who had been "in league" with the Anglo-Iranian Oil Co. It also took no action in setting up a special parliamentary and judicial committee to examine documents seized in recent raids on the British Company's office in Teheran.

Some deputies stated after the adjournment that the Majlis was deprived of a quorum by the "deliberate action" of other members who walked out. It was stated these deputies were anxious to avoid further publicity about the seized documents.

The prevailing opinion in Company circles was that the Persian attitude would not be modified until the whole complex operation had been suspended and the country begins to feel the consequent economic pinch.

Closing Inevitable

Oil company officials said Dr. Mossadeq's latest refusal yesterday to agree to a new type of oil tanker receipt form —made to the U.S. Ambassador, Dr. Henry Grady — appeared to make the close-down of the Abadan refinery inevitable.

Company circles in Teheran made no attempt to disguise their hope that if Persia suffered economically from the refinery's close-down, the Mossadeq government might fall and be replaced by a more moderate one.

The last of nine tankers, British Sailor, which refused to sign the new "National Oil Company" receipts left Abadan yesterday after pumping back her cargo of oil.

Efforts were being made today in Abadan to bring fat and fresh vegetables for the British cruiser Mauritius from Basra, 30 kms. to the north, in Iraq. Persian refusal to supply the Mauritius has angered the British community more than any other single incident in the whole oil nationalisation dispute. The Mauritius is lying in the muddy steaming waters of the Shatt Al Arab river, a few kms. from Abadan port.

Police were forced to use tear-gas yesterday to disperse crowds of unemployed demonstrators in the southern industrial town of Isfahan, according to local press reports. The workers stormed and closed down textile mills and raided stores of finished fabrics.

Most Arabs Want To Stay at Sha'ab

A majority of the 720 Arabs who were transferred to Sha'ab Village, in Western Galilee from the Huleh demilitarized zone seem willing to remain at Sha'ab, a Government spokesman told a press conference in Jerusalem yesterday.

Some U.N. personnel, it was alleged, are pressuring them to return to the border district, it was stated.

A U.N. survey to determine whether the Arabs want to return will probably be completed by the end of the week. The Government is prepared to make the arrangements necessary either to move them or to settle them permanently at Sha'ab, the spokesman said.

"There are some pro-Syrian persons among them who are trying to influence them to move to Syria," the spokesman said. "We will not oppose this either. But the majority seem satisfied to stay put, because there is enough land and plenty of work."

Israel Says Riley 'Jumped the Gun'

FLUSHING MEADOW, Tuesday (INA).—Israel delegation sources said here today they could see no reason at this juncture for a new Security Council meeting on the Huleh dispute because the Israel Government was actively seeking to carry out the provisions of the Council's resolution of May 18.

This month's Council president, Sir Gladwyn Jebb, indicated last night he planned to call a Council session later this week in view of the allegations of the U.N. Palestine truce supervisor, General William Riley, that Israel was violating the resolution's terms.

The Israel sources accused General Riley of "jumping the gun" in his reports of last week alleging Israel intransigeance on the three main points presently at issue. They pointed out that Israel had agreed in principle on the repatriation of Arab villagers to the demilitarized zone and that this question was being negotiated when General Riley delivered his report to the Council charging Israel with refusing to allow them to return as demanded in the resolution.

Also under negotiation, according to these sources, is the question of the presence of Israel police in the demilitarised zone. Israel has already heeded the third point of the resolution against continuing drainage work on Arab owned land until agreement with land owners is reached, but General Riley has reported to the Council that they have refused to deal with the Israelis. It is, however, emphasized here that there has been no Israel violation of the resolution.

Politics Charged By Police Officer

Mr. Ephraim Hofstetter, of the Investigation Division at Police Headquarters, told the Knesset Committee investigating the complaints of improper treatment of detainees in the plot to sabotage the Knesset Building, yesterday in Jerusalem that it was the feeling among the police that they were being made a "scapegoat" for political reasons. Disproportionate emphasis was being given to the Jalameh question in relation to the police action in uncovering the underground, he claimed.

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16 Rehov Dov Hoz, Tel. [illegible]
In Jerusalem:
BEIT ESHROT MIZRAHI,
[illegible] Tel. [illegible]

Social & Personal

A visit to the site of the Convention Centre in Jerusalem, where the Zionist Congress is to be held, was made yesterday by Mr. Yosef Sprinzak, Knesset Speaker and Chairman of the Zionist General Council; Dr. A. Lauterbach, Secretary of the Executive of the Zionist Organization and head of the Organization Department, and Dr. S.A. Nachon, head of the Congress Office.

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Prof. Simha Assaf, Professor of Gaoni and Rabbinic Literature at the Hebrew University and a member of the Supreme Court, returned to Jerusalem yesterday from the U.S.A., where he delivered guest lectures at the Yeshivah University in New York and other academic institutions, and was awarded the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws by the Yeshivah University.

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Mrs. Rebecca Sieff, President of World Wizo, arrived in Israel yesterday.

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Mr. Zeev Schind, Managing Director of the Zim Israel Navigation Co. Ltd., has returned to Israel from a business trip abroad on behalf of the Company.

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The Hon. Joseph L. Kun, President Judge of the Philadelphia Court of Common Pleas; Honorary President of the B'nai B'rith District Grand Lodge No. 3 (Philadelphia) and Past President of the Philadelphia Jewish Community, has arrived for a short visit to Israel. A reception for Judge Kun was held by District Court Judge S. Kassan at the Sharon Hotel on Monday night.

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Mrs. Hadassah Samuel, Chairman of the World Wizo Executive, has returned from a visit to Europe.

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Rabbi Ferdinand Isserman, of St. Louis, Missouri, is visiting Israel for several days prior to his flight to London for the World Conference of Progressive Judaism which will take place in mid-July.

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A reception for the members of the American Christian Palestine Committee was held by the Israel-America Friendship League's Haifa Branch at the Lev Hacarmel Hotel yesterday.

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A reception for Dr. Moshe Einhorn, U.S. doctor and editor of "Harofe Haivri," who is now visiting Israel, was held by the Tel Aviv branch of the Medical Association yesterday.

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A reception for Mrs. Stella Counselbaum, of the B'nai B'rith Anti-Defamation League in Chicago, was held recently at the home in Jerusalem of Rabbi and Mrs. M. Pekarsky.

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Mr. Baruch Bagg will act as head of the Physical Culture Department of the Ministry of Education during the absence of Dr. E. Simon who has left for South Africa.

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Mr. B. Marcus, manager of Barclays Bank (D.C. & O.), Tel Aviv, and Mrs. Marcus, left by air for several months' leave to England and France.

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Prof. F. Machlup, Professor of Economics at Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, will lecture in English on "Is Capitalism Dying Out?" under the auspices of the Hebrew University at 8.15 this evening in Room 29 at Terra Sancta, Jerusalem.

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Mr. H.R. Graetz will address the Haifa Maritime Club on "Israel Shipping and Economy" at 1.15 p.m. on Friday. Guests are asked to register by phone No. [illegible].

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An exhibition of drawings by Marcel Janco will be opened tomorrow, July 5, at 6 p.m. at the Mikra Studio, 58 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv.

BIRTHS

ELION — To Hannah (née Maizer), and Ted Elion, on July 2, at the Imahut Maternity Hospital, Haifa — a son.

GRUSHKA — To Olga (née Beck), wife of Jan Grushka, at Hadassah Hospital, Jerusalem — a son.

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OBITUARY

Mrs. Karoline Katz

We deeply regret to announce the death, on July 3 of Mrs. Karoline Katz, of 25 Rehov Gordon, Tel Aviv, at the age of 82. Families: Jacob Katz and Dr. Rapp, Tel Aviv; Simon, Bulawayo, South Rhodesia.

150 UNKNOWN HERZL LETTERS WITH Z.O.A.

NEW YORK, Tuesday (INA).— Personal papers, files and documents of the late Professor Richard James H. Gottheil, one of the founders and the first President of the Zionist Organization of America, including 150 hitherto unknown letters from Theodor Herzl, were presented on Friday to the Z.O.A. by the Gottheil family.

Mr. Benjamin Browdy, Z.O.A. President, said the collection would ultimately be transferred to Zionist archive libraries.

The Hebrew National
OPERA
TEL AVIV: [illegible]
Tuesday, July 10, 8.30 p.m.
HAIFA: [illegible]
Thursday, July 12, 8 p.m.
JERUSALEM: [illegible]
Thursday, August 2, 8 p.m.
Samson & Delilah
[illegible]
Conductor: M. GOLDSTEIN

Centre Surveys Openings For Foreign Investors

By Our Economic Correspondent

We are still searching for the right means of attracting investment from foreign sources. It is not surprising that until now we have not been altogether successful. We have been looking mainly for American businessmen ready to invest money in Israel. And American Jewry, like Americans in general, is not used to the idea of investment in foreign countries. Why this is so is a matter for speculation, but even in the Marshall Aid countries the private investor has been very slow to take advantage of opportunities given by the United States government. In Israel there are still more reasons for the would-be investor's reluctance to launch new projects. The very fact that the American Jewish businessman is used to contributing to funds for Israel has given him the idea that he is dealing with sentimental values here, and these he tends to keep apart from business propositions.

There are also serious economic obstacles to profitable investment. There is the lack of raw materials and the problem of training labour. But on the other hand, there is the undeniable fact that mass immigration, while making shortages, also creates prosperity by forming a steadily expanding domestic market. Roughly two-thirds of the foreign investments here has come from Europe, North Africa and South Africa, and only about one-third from the United States, which proves that the reluctance of American businessmen to invest here is due more to the mentality of American Jewry than to conditions in Israel.

130 Plants Listed

After the passing of the investment bill and the establishment of the investment centre, government circles doubted whether the centre should do more than apply the law, that is give information to applicants and approve those enterprises which are entitled to the advantages conferred by the law. It was soon realized, however, that reliable information could be given only if a comprehensive survey had been made on the state of industry, its development possibilities and needs. And because of the considerable number of visitors who had no concrete plans of their own, a list was drawn up of enterprises needed in Israel. Today this list comprises some 130 plants, and it has been sent to the Israel legations abroad. It has been taken up by professional journals abroad and non-Jewish firms have approached the investment centre for further information.

This list is, of course, only a general survey. More detailed information has been collected on 25 promising enterprises. The investment centre was initially hindered by the lack of experts, even though it was not intended to prepare the actual blue-prints for new plants. It must be remembered that there are no precedents for this sort of government activity in other countries, and that the government cannot, and does not intend to act as a broker for private investors. Here investment companies and banks must step in, and the investment centre has tried to collect a panel of persons ready to work with foreign investors.

One of the main obstacles to investment has been the red tape in government offices which has not only made things difficult for visitors, but has been talked about widely in the United States. The long questionnaire drawn up as a guide for the first discussion between the official and the visitor, for instance, often had a frightening effect. It is a good sign that it has now been shortened to one page and contains only the most essential items. Another important advance is that import licences are now given by the investment centre and not by another government office. But there remains room for improvement not only in the investment centre but in all the departments concerned.

The investment centre is now collecting information from municipalities in the country on local conditions, whether, for instance, there is water and electricity available, transport facilities and so forth. This should spare visitors tedious personal enquiries if the information is always kept up to date.

Priorities Set

The investment centre while trying to guide the visitor on his quest for investment possibilities has also attempted to follow the government policy of a more even dispersion of population. A list of priorities has been set up, and the facilities of the investment law are granted most readily if enterprises are set up in places which need development. Nobody will deny that it is highly desirable to divert enterprises from the main towns and to direct them to places which need crafts and industry.

The stretch between Tel Aviv and Nathanya is already developing into one big town, which will be a threat to sound social development. However, it remains to be seen if the foreign investor can be lured to places like Elath or Halsah. Perhaps public money will have to pave the way here, at least in the first stages.

Israel to Attend Parley on Refugees

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — Israel is to be represented at an International Conference to discuss the status of refugees and stateless persons by Dr. Y. Robinson, Legal Adviser to the Israel Delegation to the U.N. and Dr. P. Kahane, Israel's representative at the European Headquarters of the U.N.

The conference, which will be opened in Geneva on July 7, will consider a convention for stateless persons.

ON THE AIR

JERUSALEM: 407 M.; HAIFA: 240 M.;
TEL AVIV: 42.3, 32.2 & 523 M.

NEWS: Hebrew: 7 a.m., 1.30 p.m., 6, 8.30 and 10.25 p.m.; English: 2 and 10.15 p.m.; Arabic Programme (including News): 8 a.m., 2.15 and 7.15 p.m.; French: 3 p.m.

6.30 a.m. Service. 6.35 Exercises. 6.45 Musical Clock (R). 7.15 Melodies. 7.45 Oriental Music: E. Aharon. 8.30 Close Down.

10.00 a.m. Morning Concert (R). 10.30 Piano Duets (R). 10.45 Southern Rhythm (R). 11.00 Concert Hall: Overture "Il Seraglio" (Mozart); Capriccio Brilliant for Piano and Orchestra (Mendelssohn); Symphony No. 7 (Beethoven). 12.00 N. Break for Music (R). 12.20 Programme for the Working Women. 12.30 Programme for Hospitals. 1.00 Soldiers' Programme (R). 1.45 Housewives' Corner. 2.15 Close Down.

4.00 p.m. Programme for Yemenites. 4.30 Siesta (R). 5.30 Dance Music (R). 6.00 Recital: Raphael Kagan & Arieh Sachs. 6.15 Chess Corner. 6.45 Vocal Recital: Batia Hamad. 6.15 Sports. 6.20 Children's Hour. 7.00 "Popular Education:" by Dr. L. Leibovitz. 7.45 Bible Reading. 8.00 Soldiers' Programme. 8.45 "In the Mirror of Realisation:" Talk by I. Ziv-Av. 9.00 "You Are Building a New Land." 9.45 Vocal Recital: Josepha Schocken. 10.30 Cantoral Request Programme. 11.15 Close Down.

Immigrants' Hour (32.3 M.): 7.00 p.m. Yiddish; 7.20 p.m. Ladino; 7.40 p.m. French; 8.00 p.m. Turkish; 8.15 p.m. Persian.

Kol Zion Lagola (32.2 M): 12.15 a.m. Newsreel. 12.30 Bloch's "Sacred Service."

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (19.91 and 24.92 M.): 7.30 News. 7.40 News Talk. 7.45 Youth Programme.

ARMY PROGRAMMES (250, 226 & 44.9 M.): 6.30 p.m. Programme Announcements. 6.35 Israel Songs. 7.00 Today's Theatre. 7.20 Today's Events. 7.35 "The Soldier as a Civilian." 8.00 Soldiers' Programme. 8.30 News. 8.40 Interlude. 8.55 "Tomorrow's 'Bamachaneh.'" 9.00 Concert. 10.00 Close Down.

VOICE OF AMERICA: Hebrew Programme: 9-9.30 p.m. (13.85, 16.85, 17.01 & 19.07 M. from U.S.A.; 19.62 & 25.36 from Tangiers).

ORCHESTRA
[illegible]
VIOLIN RECITALS
ISAAC STERN
At the Piano:
ALEXANDER ZAKIN
Tel Aviv, Ohel Shem,
at 8.45 p.m.
Saturdays: July 21 and 28,
August 4.
Haifa, Armon Theatre,
at 9 p.m.
Wednesday, July 25
Jerusalem, Edison,
at 9 p.m.
Tuesday, July 31
Sale of tickets:
Tel Aviv: at the I.P.O. Office, 58 Allenby Rd., 11-2, 4-6.
Haifa: at Gittelsohn's, 36 Rehov Herzl. Jerusalem: from Friday, July 6, at Cahana's.

FERD'NAND
Copyright P I B Box 6 Copenhagen

Yugoslavs Adopt New Penal Code

BELGRADE, Tuesday. (Reuter).—Yugoslavia's new penal code—the first providing for the punishment of genocide and other offences against international law—became operative yesterday, the Yugoslav News Agency, Tanjug, has announced. Genocide covers crimes committed against whole racial and religious groups denying them the right of existence.

The law, recently voted by the Yugoslav National Assembly, also makes provision for the punishment of war crimes and offences against the political, national, economic and social foundations of the Yugoslav Republic, including offences against its independence and socialist social order.

Other clauses provide for the defence of public and private property, of public security, of the country's institutions and its armed forces. The new penal code rules that only offences specified in the code are punishable. It recognizes no collective or indirect responsibility, only a direct and personal one. It abolishes forced labour, deprivation of citizenship, loss of employment in public services, loss of pension and local banishment, as methods of punishment.

The death punishment is retained for special cases. Besides vigorous imprisonment, simple imprisonment, and fines, the new code provides for limitation of civil rights for not more than five years, prohibition to exercise certain professions, and confiscation of property.

It lays particular stress on the punishment of crimes against humanity and international law.

PORT DISCHARGES UP ONE-FIFTH

Cargo discharge in Haifa Port has increased by 20 per cent during the past year, a comparison of the figures for June 1950 and 1951 shows, according to a Ministry of Communications spokesman.

In June 1951, 119,000 tons were unloaded, while 97,000 tons were unloaded during the same month last year. During the first half of this year, 860,000 tons were offloaded, compared with 723,000 tons in 1950.

The Ministry spokesman claimed that the only bottleneck in the Port was caused primarily by importers who do not clear their goods quickly enough.

Syrkin's Remains To Be Brought Here

The Executive of the Histadrut decided last night to bring the remains of Nahman Syrkin, one of the founders and early ideological leaders of the Socialist Zionist movement, to Israel from the U.S., where he died in 1924.

SYRIAN PUPILS MUST STUDY PALESTINE

The history of Palestine will be a compulsory subject in all Syrian schools as from the new academic year, the Damascus parliament decided last week, A.N.A. reports.

PENSION MORIA
MT. CARMEL
33 REHOV MORIA
(Dr. Mendershausen, formerly Binyamina)

Rooms with running water.
Well-known cuisine.
5 minutes from "Maccabi" swimming pool.
Direct connection to "Carmel Beach."

כתר
KETHER
CAFE
RESTAURANT
BAR
180 Rehov Ben Yehuda,
at YARDEN HOTEL
Tel Aviv. Tel. 3732.
LUNCH & DINNER
at
"KETHER"
First-class Cuisine.
Excellent Service.

MESHEK RAMOT MEIR
announce that they now are
able to receive visitors again.
As a precautionary measure, however, children under the age of 16 are asked not to visit the Meshek for the time being.
Secretary, Ramot Meir.

Hapoel Athletes Perform in Capital

A Southern area Hapoel light athletics meeting was held in Jerusalem on the Y.M.C.A. ground on Saturday and, despite the intense heat, produced some good results. Local sportsmen and women were well to the fore, a sign of the return of Jerusalem to the sporting fold.

Silberberg, of Herzl, was the outstanding performer among the men, with a long jump victory of 6.45 metres and a hop, step and jump win of 12.80 metres. Nussbaum, of Tel Aviv, was not far behind him, with two sprint firsts, the 100 metres in 11.6 seconds, and the 400 metres in 54.0 seconds. Kreiser, of Jerusalem, carried the 1500 metres long distance event in 4 minutes 43.0 seconds.

Ruth Hershler, of Jerusalem, was a versatile winner in the women's section, gaining three first places: in the 100 metres (13.3 seconds), high jump (1.33 metres) and the long jump (4.67 metres). Miriam Goldfine gained two wins in field events, the discus throw, with 28.66 metres and the shot-put with 28.19 metres.

J'lem Boys Win

Fleisher, of Jerusalem, achieved some good results in his two victories in the boys' department, clearing 1.64 metres in the high jump and 6.07 metres in the long jump. His fellow-townsman, Schlomo Parnass, raised the Capital's pennant even higher, with two sprint wins: the 100 metres dash in 11.8 seconds, and the 300 metres in 39.3 seconds. Rami Shoresh, also of Jerusalem, took the 1500 metres boys' event in 4 minutes 42.5 seconds, while A. Furman carried the field events, the discus throw, with 33.27 metres, and the shotput, with 11.40 metres.

The two girls' events were won by: Sara Sandman (Jerusalem)—60 metres in 8.9 seconds; and Winkler—long jump of 4.75 metres.

American Baseball

Team Standings On Saturday, June 30.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	Percentage	Games Behind
Chic.	43	23	652	—
N. Y.	42	23	646	½
Bost.	39	27	591	4
Cleve.	35	30	538	7½
Det.	31	31	500	10
Wash.	25	39	391	17
Phila.	26	41	388	17½
St. L.	19	46	292	23½

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	Percentage	Games Behind
Bklyn.	41	25	621	—
N. Y.	38	31	551	4½
St. L.	33	32	508	7½
Phila.	33	33	500	8
Cinc.	32	33	492	8½
Bost.	30	34	469	10
Chic.	28	33	459	10½
Pitts.	25	39	391	15

Where to Go

JERUSALEM
9-6: Jerusalem Biblical Zoo; Romema.
9-1; 3-6: Permanent Collections: Bezalel Museum.
10-1; 4-7: Graphics & Etchings by South Californian artists; Works by Willy Gordon; Artists House.

TEL AVIV
8.30 p.m.: Tihanyi and his wonder revue; Jascha Heifetz Hall.
8.30 p.m.: "Enemy of the People:" Chamber Theatre, Mograbi Hall.

HAIFA
8 a.m.-4.30 p.m.: Theological and Scientific Library — Central Synagogue Bldg., Rehov Gilad.
10-1; 4-6: Municipal Museum, 2 Hassan Shukri Street.

SHIPS IN HAIFA PORT ON TUESDAY

De Vilhena, Br., gen. cargo. Assimina, Gr., cement. Anna N. Goulandris, Gr., gen. cargo. Topusko, Yug., wood. Valognes, Fr., chemical fertiliser. Megalochari, Pan., iron. Abbazia, It., prefabricated houses, gen. cargo. San Michele, It., gen. cargo. Akko, Is., gen. cargo. Clelia Campanella, It., wood. Elath, Is., gen. cargo, wheat. William H. Carruth, U.S., dura. Anniston City, U.S., compl. unloading. Kedmah, Is., gen. cargo. Ucice, Yug., wood, cement. Nicola Vaptzarov, Bul., fodder, cement. [illegible], Tur., compl. unloading. Hanna Senesh, Is., compl. unloading. [illegible], Is., compl. unloading. Gavriel, Is., compl. unloading.

SHIPS EXPECTED

3.7 Gitano, gen. cargo. Asteria, bagged cargo, machines, coal. Sameland, will load cars. Boreland, plywood, wood, gen. cargo. Captan Yaheb, gen. cargo, cement, iron. Pelagosa, flour. Selahattin, dura. Barli, dura. Salina, wood.
5.7 Excellency, mail, pipes, gen. cargo. Bosnderos, chemical fertiliser.
6.7 Strangia, plywood. Bilis, cement, household effects. Trakia, household effects.
7.7 Massalia, household effects.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES:
JERUSALEM: Batish, 5 Strauss, 2911; Levant, Julian's Way, [illegible].
TEL AVIV: Molchadski, 7 Ben Yehuda, 2570; Melchett, 50 Scheinkin, [illegible]; Dr. Spatler, 86 Frishman, 6612; Shora, 26 Ahad Ha'am, 4126. JAFFA: Levi, 4 2nd St., 80104.
RAMAT GAN: Lifschitz, 19 Herzl.
GIVATAYIM: Mameluke, Borochov Quarter.
HAIFA: Rapaport, 29 Herzl, 3386; Shomron, Bank-Jaffa, 4924.

GOOD JOB
for right man
(or woman)
Wanted advertising salesman (space seller).
Personable, experienced salesman. Knowledge Hebrew, English; German helpful.
Apply in own handwriting, giving full curriculum vitae to Yonathan Ben Nahum, c/o P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

Geneva Banknote Rates

The Israel pound dropped slightly again on the Geneva Exchange last week. It was quoted on Friday at 3.30 Swiss francs which, in terms of U.S. currency, is $0.76, as the dollar was quoted at 4.33 francs. Other rates on June 29, in Swiss francs, were:

United States (dollar)	4.33½
Great Britain (pound)	11.24
France (100 fr.)	1.15½
West Germany (100 mk.)	92.00
Belgium (100 fr.)	8.47½
Holland (100 gulden)	108.00
Sweden (100 kronor)	72.00
Italy (100 lire)	0.67
Austria (100 sch.)	15.60
Czechoslovakia (100 cr.)	1.00
Denmark (100 kr.)	54.00
Norway (100 kr.)	49.00
Egypt (Eg. pound)	10.65
Israel (Isr. pound)	3.30
Palestine (Pal. pound)	7.50
Spain (100 pesetas)	9.65
Portugal (100 escudos)	15.10
Argentina (100 pesos)	19.50
Brazil (100 cruzeiros)	18.50
Turkey (Turk. pound)	1.18

Jerusalem Cinemas

At 3.30, 7 & 9 p.m.

ARNON: The Scarlet Pimpernel (3.30); The Angel with the Trumpet (7 & 9).
EDEN: Three Little Words. Also today at 10.30 a.m.
EDISON: Atlantis.
ORION: Out of the Past.
SEMADAR: Haifa.
STUDIO: Bicycle Thieves.
ZION: Return of the Frontiersman.

Haifa Cinemas

GAN YAM (Bat Galim): Tokyo Rose (8.30 p.m.).

WANTED
Office room in the centre of Tel Aviv with telephone or use of one.
Apply to: P.O.B. 6036, Tel Aviv, or Tel. 6445 from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. daily.

Wanted
REFRIGERATION
MECHANIC
with experience.
Write: No. 3101 K Advertising Centre, 40 Herzl Street, Haifa.

WANTED
first-class English
shorthand-typist
for full-time position.
Please apply to
Aaron Rosenfeld,
P.O.B. 74 HAIFA.

REQUIRED
by Building Company
1) Experienced mechanical shovel operators
2) Experienced drivers to transport from quarries
3) Experienced drivers for roller.
First class conditions.
Please write to P.O.B. 1482, TEL AVIV.

Defence (Prevention of Profiteering) Regulation 1944

Order concerning maximum prices for half rubber soles of American make.

In exercise of the powers vested in me by Regulation 3a of the Defence (Prevention of Profiteering) Regulations 1944, I hereby order as follows:

1. **Maximum Prices.**
A person shall not sell, buy or offer to be sold a pair of half rubber soles of the type set out in the Schedule at a price exceeding the price fixed in the Schedule.

2. **Commencement.**
This Order shall come into effect on the 14th of Nissan 5711 (18. 6. 51).

3. **Short Title.**
This Order shall be cited as the "Order of Maximum Prices for Half Rubber Soles of American Make — 1951."

SCHEDULE

Description of article	Price in PRUTOT for each pair On Sale by Importer to any buyer other than the Consumer	Price in PRUTOT for each pair On Sale by the Wholesaler or Retailer to any Consumer
Pair of half rubber soles marked "U.S. Army."	150	170

Dr. A. LOWENTHAL
Controlling Authority

Jerusalem, June 17, 1951.

PUBLIC RELATIONS OFFICER
English or American by birth
REQUIRED BY
LARGE FINANCIAL INSTITUTION
Only highly educated and experienced candidates need apply.
Write to: No. 10025, P.O.B. 811, Tel Aviv.

WANTED COUPLE
to run villa in Ahuza. The man is required as a driver and the woman to run the house. Flat available. References required.
Apply: U/22654,
P.O.B. 66, Haifa.

STATE OF ISRAEL
MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS, POSTS, TELEGRAPHS, TELEPHONES AND RADIO

1. Tenders are invited for excavation and filling of trenches, building of underground manholes and joint boxes for laying of underground telephone cables in Jerusalem.
2. Tender forms, specifications and drawings can be obtained from Head of Engineering Services, Posts, Telegraphs, Telephones and Radio, G.P.O. Building, Jerusalem.
3. The tender must be accompanied by a check of a well known bank amounting to 10% of the amount of the quotation. The check should be certified by the bank and will serve as a guarantee of good faith.
4. Tenders accompanied by the check must be addressed to the Director General Posts, Telegraphs, Telephones and Radio, Jerusalem, and should be provided in double envelopes. The inner envelope is to be superscribed "Secret. Tender for excavation of trenches and building of underground manholes and joint boxes."
5. Tenders must reach the above address within 15 days from the date of publication of this tender.
6. The Director General of Posts, Telegraphs, Telephones and Radio is not bound to accept the lowest, or any tender.
7. The Director General may accept part of the quotation, if he so desires.
8. Tenders by telegraph will not be accepted.

Jerusalem, July 4, 1951.

Classified
Sundays, Wednesdays, Fridays
RATES for Friday [illegible] One Three Six [illegible]
Up to ten words 275 [illegible]
Each add. 3 words 150 [illegible]
SITUATIONS WANTED COLUMN
Up to ten words 150 Prut.
Each additional 3 words [illegible]
Double Rates for Business Firms

BUSINESS PROPOSITIONS
GERMANY! Am going to Germany shortly and will undertake all types assignments. First-class references. Write: "Discreet," P.O. Box 2261, Tel Aviv.

CARS — MOTORCYCLES
WANTED small motorcycle (1-1½ H.P.) in good condition. Dosh, P.O.B. 136, Tel Aviv, Tel. 66765.

DWELLINGS — SHOPS — OFFICES
EXCHANGE. Offered one-roomed flat, Jerusalem, all conveniences. Wanted: Two-roomed flat. Compensation offered. Apply: No. 322/10, P.O.B. 694, Jerusalem.
EXCHANGE: Offered — comfortably furnished room, Centre Jerusalem. Wanted — similar room in Haifa. Offers to: No. 13567, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.
TOURIST seeks furnished three-roomed flat, vicinity Tel Aviv, for three to six months. Best references and guarantee to vacate available. Write: No. 16780, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.
TO LET: luxuriously furnished room for tourist. Write: No. 16736, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.
ROOM, Central Hadar, to let as office, by private person. Use of telephone possible. Write: P.O.B. 940, Haifa.

LESSONS
ENGLISH teacher for conversation wanted. Written offers to: "Yael," 86 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv.
למד LEARN Hebrew, English, French, Typing, Shorthand.
"DAAT" 18 Rehov Hehalutz, Tel. 66041, Haifa.

LOST — FOUND
LOST British passport in name of Leslie Rosenthal, issued: Liverpool, England, 1949. Please return to nearest police station, or P.O.B. 3105, Tel Aviv.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
BEAUTIFUL piano, almost new, for sale. House No. 29, Mahaneh Avoda, Beth Shearim (near Haifa), from 2 p.m. daily.

OPTICS — PHOTO
FOR CAMERAS and accessories highest prices paid. Photo Bremher, 21 Rehov Hehalutz, Haifa.

PURCHASE — SALE
WANTED to buy couch, fauteuils, buffet, etc. Apply: No. 329/11, P.O.B. 694, Jerusalem.

SITUATIONS VACANT
JUNIOR English typist required. Apply: The Manufacturers Life Insurance Company, 1 Ben Yehuda Rd., Tel Aviv.

SITUATIONS WANTED
BI-LINGUAL secretary (French and English shorthand) and translator seeks part or full-time position. Write No. 13566, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.
DRIVER, 37, 11 years experience, veteran of Czechoslovak Brigade, England, during last war, wants to change position. Tel Aviv or vicinity. Apply: Eugen Kalina, c/o Habimah Hotel, 114 Rehov Yehuda Halevy, Tel Aviv.
CORRESPONDENT (English, Hebrew, French) seeks full or part-time job. Apply: CL.16786, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.
TYPIST in English seeks position. Please write: No. 16778, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.
Experienced
Structural Engineer,
Haifa Technion graduate, seeks half day job in architect's office in Tel Aviv or surroundings. Write: CL.16782, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.
ENGLISH typist, beginner, working knowledge of Hebrew, seeks position. Write No. 16783, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.
EXPERIENCED English steno-typist, knows Hebrew, wishes to change position. No. 16784, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.
YOUNG man, 26, willing to work. Knowledge of English, Hebrew, French, Italian, Yiddish, will accept any job. Write: CL./1713, P.O.B. 66, Haifa.
STENO-TYPIST (female), perfect: English, German, fair: Hebrew, French; seeks half day position. Preferably Ramat Gan. Write: No. 126, Hakol Lanoar, Ramat Gan.

MISCELLANEOUS
BOOKKEEPING, Accounting complications solved. Income tax-problems attended to. Office organization. Write: P.O.B. 4227, Tel Aviv.

צ GENERAL ZIONISTS
MEMBERS AND FRIENDS
TODAY is THE DEADLINE FOR FILING APPEALS. EXAMINE THE LISTS.
FILE YOUR APPEAL
General Zionist Organization in Israel
CENTRE PARTY
Election Committee Headquarters. צ

Today's POST BAG

THE WEATHER

	°A	B	C	D
Mt. Canaan	—	21	[illegible]	[illegible]
Haifa	[illegible]	21	[illegible]	24
Nathanya	[illegible]	20	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tel Aviv	[illegible]	21	27	[illegible]
Lydda	57	15	[illegible]	34
Jerusalem	[illegible]	23	[illegible]	[illegible]
Beersheba	—	21	36	[illegible]

*A) Humidity at 2 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maxim. yesterday. D) Maxim. temp. expected today.

* * *

The fortnightly convoy went up to Mt. Scopus yesterday carrying a change of guard, Hebrew University and Hadassah personnel, as well as fuel and supplies. Fifteen University and Hadassah scientists accompanied the convoy.

* * *

The fifth case of poliomyelitis during the past two weeks was reported in Ramle on Monday. The patient, an 18-year-old boy, was taken to the Pardes Katz Isolation Hospital.

* * *

For a burglary last September, Reuven Feldman, Leon Fraiman and Menahem Fleschman will be brought to trial in Tel Aviv today. The three reportedly carried out the theft with a stolen tender.

* * *

Ice will not be distributed in Jerusalem today.

* * *

An automatic telephone exchange is scheduled to be installed in Ahuza and Mt. Carmel on July 30.

* * *

For refusing to give a receipt and for overcharging, Natan Bitler and Haim Braun, owners of a textile shop at 30 Rehov Montefiore in Tel Aviv, were fined IL.20 each by the Tel Aviv Anti-Profiteering Court yesterday.

A LESSON IN PRICE CONTROL

TIBERIAS, Tuesday. — Hardly had the Price Controller lifted the ceiling on the price of Kinneret fish, fixed at 570 prutot a kilo, than fishmongers here demanded IL.1.100 and IL.1.400.

Tiberias housewives are now demanding the reimposition of price control.

2 GIRLS DROWN IN JORDAN

TIBERIAS, Tuesday. — The bodies of two girls, Miriam Darrieh, 16, and Mazal Harfouf, 13, both of Kiryat Shmoneh, (Upper Galilee) were recovered from the Jordan near Lake Kinneret today.

They were among a group of 28 hikers, who passed the river near Degania "Alef" on Sunday. Despite the warning signs near the bank, and the cautions of their teachers they are reported to have stolen away for a plunge and failed to return.

BISHOP FROM CUBA ON PILGRIMAGE

RAMLE, Tuesday (ITIM). — The Right Reverend M. Miller, Bishop of Cuba, and a group of 16 pilgrims from Cuba who arrived in Israel on Sunday, today visited Catholic institutions here. The party is to cross the lines into the Old City of Jerusalem tomorrow.

PETAH TIKVA TO CONVERT ARMY CAMP

PETAH TIKVA, Tuesday (ITIM). — The Petah Tikva Municipal Council has approved a IL.100,000 loan from the Treasury to convert a former British army camp near the town into a new industrial zone. The barracks are to be rebuilt into factory buildings.

Presenting the budget estimates for 1950-51, the Vice-Mayor, Mr. P. Rashish, said that there would probably be a deficit of IL.19,000. The development budget would amount to IL.1,961,000, including IL.50,000 for new immigrant housing.

BABY GETS PRAM FROM T.A. COUNCIL

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — The first brith milah in the new maternity ward here took place today. Deputy Mayor Levanon acted as godfather to Samuel Mizrahi, son of [illegible] Mizrahi, of Tel Aviv. The Municipality has presented the new-born with a pram.

PAINTER COMING

NEW YORK, Tuesday (INA). — Mr. Nota Kozlowsky, the noted Jewish painter, sailed for Israel today aboard the La Guardia for an extended stay. He will paint scenes of Israeli life for an exhibition here.

Israel, Jordan Extend Border Control Pact

The Deputy Chiefs of Staff Agreement governing border control north of grid line 125 (near Bet Nattif) was renewed until September 1 at yesterday's meeting of the Israel-Jordan Mixed Armistice Commission held in Jerusalem.

It was agreed that arrangements south of this line had proved unsatisfactory, and a further meeting of the Commission with senior local commanders from both sides was set for July 12 at Kilo 51 on the Hebron-Bet Guvrin road in order to decide on new arrangements.

At yesterday's meeting the senior Jordan delegate expressed regret at the shooting of Mr. Avraham Ben Haim Bracha in the Jerusalem no-man's-land on Sunday. Measures to prevent further incidents were agreed upon.

Two Jordan and one Israel complaint concerning the occupation of houses in the area were struck off.

Lists' Appeal Against Committee Rejected

The Supreme Court yesterday rejected an appeal against the refusal of Mr. Justice Olshan, the Head of the Central Election Committee, to give the Yeshurun party additional time to submit its election list.

Mr. J. H. Filesky, of Petah Tikva, representing the list, pleaded that he had received only one sheet on which the required signatures were to be affixed, while other parties had received more.

He also charged that he was prevented from soliciting signatures in Machane Ein Shemer, because the camp authorities had collected the identity cards and had not returned the cards until after the June 25 deadline.

The Court was composed of Justices Agranat, Sussman and Levin. The Attorney-General, Mr. Haim Cohen, appeared for the Election Committee.

Sewage Piles Up On Tel Aviv Beach

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — No confirmation could be obtained this evening of reports that an old sewage outlet in the Hassan Bek quarter, south of Tel Aviv, had broken and was infesting the beach, but an inspection of the waterfront by a *Post* reporter this afternoon disclosed that the beach was badly infested already.

Although two truckloads of seawash scooped up by municipal workers were counted leaving the waterfront this afternoon, sewage and other impurities kept piling up in their wake.

According to the Health Authorities here the solid particles which are always present in the water are not affected by chlorinization. The chlorinators which are situated at the two sewage outlets at Rehov Jabotinsky in the north and Rehov Ezra in the south are only capable of neutralizing liquid impurities.

When Dr. H. Sheba, Director-General of the Ministry of Health, approved bathing after a meeting with Mayor Rokach last month, he stated at the same time that bathing was not recommended. Since its opening three weeks ago the beach has been closed twice because of excess contamination.

An "excess" is determined by a health inspector who walks along the beach daily, when he notices more solid filth being washed ashore than usual.

The condition of the beach was on the agenda of the Municipal Council meeting on Sunday, but that item was not reached in the course of business. Last week a new bathing station was opened between the Tel Aviv port and the Rehov Jabotinsky sewage outlet.

The Jerusalem Chief Magistrate, Mr. M. Gaulan, yesterday issued an order of detention against Joseph Ha'adun for allegedly attacking his former wife with fragments of a bottle in the French Hospital on Sunday.

ISRAEL MAY BUY TANGANYIKA'S 130-MILE LONG PIPE

The Government is negotiating for the purchase of some of the equipment in Tanganyika belonging to Britain's Overseas Food Corporation which has been carrying out the East African groundnuts scheme there.

"The Times" correspondent at Dar es Salaam reports that a 130-mile long pipeline, built in 1949, is to be dismantled and sold. "Negotiations for its sale have not been completed, but the Israel Government is the most likely buyer," the correspondent adds.

"The local Governments in East Africa will have first option for the purchase of the equipment now being sold following the liquidation of the groundnut scheme. The Israel Government is understood to be interested in the purchase of part of the vast quantity of agricultural equipment which includes about 200 kilometres of pipes of all sizes up to 12 inches in diameter."

Court Affirms Legality Of War Crimes Law

TEL AVIV, Tuesday (ITIM). — The District Court here today rejected all the pleas of the defence in the war crimes trial of Yaacov Hoenigman, which argued that the law against war criminals was invalid. A reasoned decision would be given later, the Court said.

Testimony presented at the preliminary inquiry last month, of various cruelties and beatings by the accused while he was a "kapo" at the Greiditz work camp in Poland, was repeated by the prosecutor in his opening address at the preliminary inquiry today.

Hoenigman, a Beersheba butcher until his arrest last year, had participated in the beating to death of two Dutchmen who had been caught trying to escape, the prosecutor said. The victims were hanged in a central part of the camp and the inmates were awakened at three in the morning and forced to eat their breakfast near the gallows.

On another occasion, Hoenigman participated with other kapos in the beating to death of about eight prisoners shortly after their arrival at the camp.

Sadistic Practices

He also participated in the abuse of a prisoner who was alternately placed under boiling and freezing showers. This prisoner was never seen again.

The prosecutor also described alleged sadistic practices by the accused. The kapos were not forced to commit these cruelties by the Germans, who were not generally present, the prosecutor said.

One witness began testifying today and will continue tomorrow. Sitting in judgment are the President, Dr. Natan Bar Zakai, and Judges I. Kister and I. Zundelevitz. Mr. A. Gornitzky is appearing for the prosecution, and Mr. I. Hake is representing the defence.

Haifa Objects To 2 p.m. Shop Closing

HAIFA, Tuesday. — The closure of groceries at 2 p.m. most of the week could not be tolerated because it would hamper distribution of foodstuffs to the working population, the Mayor, Mr. Aba Hushi, told a delegation of grocers here this morning.

In reply to the argument that their hard work entitled them to rest, he suggested they should take it in rotation. Vacations should interfere with food distribution as little as they do with factory production, he said.

The Mayor also noted that a Municipal bye-law of 1934, which is still valid, obliges groceries to remain open until 7 p.m. in the summer.

ETHIOPIAN LINE BRINGS YEMENITES

LYDDA AIRPORT, Tuesday. — The first Ethiopian Airlines plane to come to Israel touched down here this evening, bringing a group of Yemenite Jews.

The plane, a D.C.3, on a special charter flight from Aden, brought 26 passengers. Another group is expected next week.

Ethiopian Airlines, based at Addis Ababa, is operated by American crews. With two Convaire planes and seven D.C.3's, the line runs regular services throughout East Africa as far south as Nairobi. Up to the end of the Mandate the line also operated a service to Lydda.

Changes in Electricity Controls Expected

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — Changes will be proposed in the electricity restrictions following several meetings of the Public Electricity Committee, Mr. Y. Shapiro, director of the Palestine Electric Corporation, told *The Post* here today. Mr. Shapiro would not state whether there would be further controls or what the changes would be.

The present heavy load on the generating plant here will not be relieved until a new turbine is installed this autumn. Until that time, it is believed that further restrictions will be necessitated in view of the increased summer demand for electricity in pumping water for irrigation.

Small Spare Parts Can be Made Here

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — Piston rods, bushings, bolts, and several other small spare parts for automobiles can now be produced in Israel in sufficient quantity to supply local needs, provided the raw material is made available, representatives of the "Hadaikan" firm told the press here today.

The firm, which says it can produce the required amount at its workshop here, has been operating since 1940, and during the last years under the Mandatory Government produced arms for the Haganah. At its present production rate of IL.15,000 worth of machinery monthly, the firm requires about 15 tons of metal each month.

Thieves broke into the home of Magistrate Y. Treyvitch, at 21 Sderot Ben Zion, yesterday and reportedly stole IL.[illegible] worth of silverware and dresses.

Grocers Told To Remain Open

Grocery shops were bound to remain open as usual pending the final decision of the Minister of Agriculture in connection with their demands for a revision of shop hours, Mr. M. Girtsberg, Deputy Director of the Ministry of Agriculture, told a delegation of the Central Grocers' Association in Jerusalem yesterday.

Any move to alter shop hours without authorization would be against the law and would be treated accordingly, Mr. Girtsberg stated. He asked the delegation to instruct its members to remain open as usual until the official decision was announced.

The members of the delegation accepted the proposal until another meeting with the Ministry was arranged.

Stranded Mother Gets a Helping Hand

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — A new immigrant mother and her seven-month-old baby were put on an Egged bus headed home for Haifa this afternoon. The woman smiled and clutched her handbag.

She had been discovered weeping in the stairwell of a building in Allenby Road here. She told inquirers that she had been visiting friends in Tel Aviv, and was walking in Allenby Road when she found that IL.10 — all her money — were missing from her purse.

Bursting into tears, she had withdrawn to the stairwell in shame of being seen crying in public.

Learning she was stranded, passers-by decided to contribute to send her home to her husband.

When over IL.10 had been collected, two pedestrians escorted her to the Central Bus Station and saw her on to a bus.

Arab League Pact To Defend Suez

[illegible] Arab Security Pact will be completely sufficient to defend the Suez Canal zone and there is no longer any reason for a special Anglo-Egyptian defence pact, Dr. Salah e-Din Bey, the Egyptian Foreign Minister, told the Senate on Monday night, NEABS reports.

The House had earlier ratified the Pact, which was sponsored by the Arab League and has been approved by all member states except Jordan. Meanwhile, Jordan and Syria are discussing joint security measures to be adopted along their respective frontiers and armistice lines with Israel, a report from Damascus states.

U.S. & Britain Disagree On Mid-East—"Pravda"

By a Special Correspondent

Disagreements between the U.S. and Great Britain on their military preparations in the Middle East were discussed yesterday by Victoroff, one of "Pravda's" chief commentators.

He said that the fact that 1) Great Britain had to confer with the Dominions, 2) that a second meeting on Middle Eastern defence is necessary and will take place in September and 3) the refusal of India and Pakistan to attend have shown how much Great Britain's position has weakened in this part of the world.

"Pravda" also quoted detailed reports on Anglo-American disagreements regarding the place of Turkey and Greece in Middle Eastern defence and on relations with Egypt. The paper maintained that any effective "defence" by the West was illusory under such conditions.

The Soviet press also reported yesterday that serious clashes between the police and demonstrators have taken place both in Damascus and Beirut. It was said that workers in the Iraq Petroleum Company in Tripoli have asked for a 25 per cent wage increase and are about to strike if their demands are not met.

GREECE PLEDGES TROOPS FOR U.N.

UNITED NATIONS, Tuesday (USIS). — Greek military forces at least equivalent to those now fighting in Korea will be held ready for immediate U.N. use if needed after the Korean war ends, the Greek representative to the U.N., Mr. Alexis Kyrou, informed Mr. Trygve Lie yesterday.

Greece currently is maintaining an infantry battalion of about 1,140 men and six transport aircraft in Korea.

M. Kyrou's letter was in response to a request from the Collective Measures Committee asking all U.N. members to report what steps they are taking to put into effect the "Uniting for Peace" resolution adopted by the General Assembly last November. The resolution called on member states to maintain troops available for immediate U.N. use against aggression.

Ten other nations had communicated their positions on troop availability to the Secretary General, but all of them said they would communicate their views later or else regretted they were unable to earmark troops at the moment.

JORDAN TO CONTROL FOREIGN CURRENCY

All foreign currency held by Jordanians must be registered, with the Foreign Currency Controller in exchange for Jordan currency, Radio Ramallah announced yesterday.

Priests to Punch Vatican Time-Clock

VATICAN CITY, Tuesday (Reuter). — [illegible] priests and laymen in the several departments of Church government must in future punch a time-clock when they go to work and when they leave.

Only high Church officials are exempted from the new rule, which is designed to enforce punctuality by a system of fines.

'Times' Comment On Israel Elections

LONDON, Tuesday (Reuter). — "The Times" said today that religious groups might have a great influence on the outcome of the Israel general election. It added, in an editorial, that only three of the contesting parties had hopes of taking office—Mapai, Mapam, and the General Zionists.

"Some political observers in Israel believe that there are signs of a swing to the right in the electorate," "The Times" said.

It claimed Mapam was falling more and more under the control of leaders who went much further in their friendship for Soviet Russia than was approved by the prevailing currents of opinion in Israel, "which are now setting steadily if slowly Westward."

"The influence of the Religious Bloc may be great on polling day, since they form the main link with the masses of recent immigrants whose political views will then be expressed for the first time in their new surroundings," the paper concluded.

U.S. Executive Heads New J.N.F. Section

NEW YORK, Tuesday (Reuter). — Mr. Ira A. Hirschmann prominent New York executive, has been elected President of the National Ussishkin League, organized by the Jewish National Fund. Dr. Harris J. Levine, President of the Fund, announced that a department for legacies, wills, bequests and insurance, has been set up under the chairmanship of Mr. Hirschmann.

Mr. Hirschmann announced plans for providing a steady income to finance the widespread activities of the J.N.F. in preparing the land for settlement of a large number of immigrants.

British Concern On German Oil Experts

BONN, Tuesday (Reuter). — The British High Commission is expecting a request from the British government to inquire whether German oil experts are being recruited for Persia, a British official said here today. The request was understood to be on the way from the British Foreign Office. A West German government spokesman promised that the Bonn government would take no steps to further any recruitment plans.

For political reasons the government would regard it as "thoroughly undesirable" if German Socialists went to Persia, he said.

Hungary Wants U.S. Officials Recalled

BUDAPEST, Tuesday (Reuter). — Hungary yesterday demanded the recall of three members of the U.S. Legation here, warning that the Hungarian People's Republic would be forced to undertake appropriate steps if the demand were not complied with.

Today, the U.S. Information Service Library and Cinema here were closed, also on Hungarian demand.

Japanese Cabinet Resigns

TOKYO, Tuesday (UP). — All the members of the Japanese Cabinet submitted their resignations to Prime Minister Shigeru Yoshida today to pave the way for a large-scale reorganization of his third postwar Cabinet.

Mr. Yoshida expressed his belief that the reorganization was necessary in preparation for the Japanese Peace Treaty. He is expected to start immediately on the selection of new Ministers to bolster up the Cabinet before the Treaty is signed, possibly by the end of summer. The reshuffle does not mean the resignation of the Yoshida Government.

He will remain Prime Minister and is expected to retain several Ministers, including Finance Minister Ikeda. The last major reorganization of Mr. Yoshida's cabinet, which was installed on February 16, 1949, occurred in June of last year.

New Constitution For Nigeria

LONDON, Tuesday (Reuter). — An Order in Council setting up the new Nigerian constitution has been issued by King George VI, the Colonial Office announced here last night. Promulgated on Friday, the order provides for a central legislature and three regional legislatures, with a Council of Ministers and three regional executive councils.

The constitution provides for greatly increased regional autonomy within a United Nigeria; a full share for Nigerians in shaping government policy and in direction of executive government action in a central council of ministers and in the regional executive councils; and the creation of larger and more representative regional legislature with increased powers.

יומן הבחירות
לכנסת השניה

DIARY FOR ELECTIONS TO SECOND KNESSET

Meeting of the Central Elections Committee

The meeting of the Central Elections Committee for the Second Knesset will take place tomorrow, Thursday, July 5, at 10.30 a.m. at the Meeting Hall of the Jewish National Fund, 11 Rehov Zvi Shapira, Tel Aviv.

Conference of Chairmen of District Committees

The conference of Chairmen of the District Elections Committees and their deputies which had been fixed for tomorrow, Thursday, July 5, has been postponed until further notice.

Maximum Sizes of Publications

The maximum sizes of publicity material which have been fixed by the Central Elections Committee for the Second Knesset (para 47) are as follows:—

a. Posters: The maximum size of general posters — half a sheet (50 x 70 cm.), announcements of meetings — a quarter sheet (50 x 35 cm.).

b. Pamphlets: An eighth of a sheet (25 x 35 cm.).

c. Leaflets: The maximum size of general leaflets — 25 x 17½ cm. Announcements of meetings — 12½ x 17½ cm.

d. Letters: Letters of Parties to their voters — maximum size: 17½ x 25 cm. Such letters should not be sent in envelopes.

e. Stencilled communications: Printing of stencilled matter should not exceed half a normal stencilling sheet (folio) per single leaflet.

Central Elections Committee for the Second Knesset.

Cables in Brief

[illegible]. — More than 50 [illegible] General Weber.

RELATIONS. — Dr. Heinz Krekeler, representing the West German government, presented a "letter of introduction" to Mr. Dean Acheson in Washington on Monday, officially resuming diplomatic relations between the U.S. and West Germany.

PROTEST. — India has protested to the U.N. Security Council against a "series of violations" by Pakistan of the cease-fire line in Kashmir.

PROCESS. — U.S. Navy researchers at Cleveland, Ohio, have developed a new and cheaper method of producing titanium metal, widely used in aircraft engines.

EVEREST. — The British Foreign Office has arranged with the Government of Nepal for a new British attempt to climb Mount Everest.

RUNNING FOR THE DIAMOND

KIMBERLEY, Tuesday (Reuter). — The drop of a red flag started South Africa's last diamond rush yesterday near Kimberley, the world's biggest diamond mining centre.

About 50 men and a woman lined up at the start and heard a mining superintendent read out the agreement to throw open the area and announce that no more ground would be opened up. Then the flag dropped and they were off across the virgin veld, pegs in hand, to stake their claims in an area of about 1,000 acres of what is believed to be good diamond ground.

African labourers followed carrying their picks and shovels.

JORDAN TO FRAME NEW CONSTITUTION

A new Jordan Constitution is to be drafted to replace the two codes in effect in Arab Palestine and Trans-Jordan, Radio Ramallah reports. Ibrahim Hashem Pasha, a former Premier, has been appointed head of the Constitution Committee, it was said.

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HAIFA

APPEAL TO REASON

WE SHALL NOT NEGLECT THE NEWCOMERS!

VOTERS' GUIDE TO THE ELECTIONS (5)

Everyone in Israel understands the absolute necessity of mass immigration. No-one would dare to propose that we close our doors to Olim from Yemen and Iraq, or Hungary and Rumania, for whom immediate Aliya means freedom.

But this does not mean that all possible governments would continue the vigorous programme of taking in and integrating newcomers, favoured by the vast majority. Only Mapai puts this programme above everything else. The "General Zionists" support it — but with reservations and conditions that defeat its purpose.

Mapai is resolved not only to admit immigrants freely, but to give them work, to make them part of our society and our economy, and to let them build up our country as speedily as possible. This cannot be done cheaply and without sacrifice. It means diverting food, capital goods and building materials from Tel Aviv and Haifa to Beersheba, to the Jerusalem Corridor, to Galilee. But it also means settling the abandoned and waste areas of our country. It also means making citizens, builders and defenders of Israel out of refugees and camp inmates.

This programme would not be continued by the "General Zionists." Only the bolder and more reckless "General Zionists" dare oppose free admission of immigrants. But all of them oppose the planning and controls which direct our resources to Beersheba instead of Lilienblum Street.

The "General Zionists" want economies at the expense of the new immigrants. They want to use our national resources for the profit of a privileged few settled in our towns. Their programme will mean refilling the camps with idle masses. It will mean an end to the settlement of our border areas and positions of defence.

YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO SABOTAGE THE WORK
BEGUN IN THE PAST THREE YEARS.

א VOTE AND MAKE YOUR VOTE COUNT
VOTE MAPAI VOTE א

Personal Notices

AMITAI EZIONI NINA EZIONI (nee Weiss)
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July 1951.

Natan Mayer Flora Levy
wish to announce their forthcoming
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at the Vaad Kehilla, Ramat Gan, on Sunday, July 8, 1951, at 6 p.m.
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Wednesday, July 4, 1951
Sivan 30, 5711, Ramadhan 30, 1370.

THAI IN TROUBLE

THE world's future is delicately balanced between peace and war. Violent upheaval at almost any point along the nervous boundaries of the opposing Power interests, may be enough to upset the equilibrium. Thailand, which we used to know as Siam, is the latest country to be given over to insurrectionary commotion, and its place between Burma, a large part of which is in a condition of civil war, Indo-China, still the scene of a bloody and frustrating colonial war, and Malaya, where the British are at grips with a powerful guerrilla movement, adds perilous significance to the new conflict in the Thai capital. Thailand's geographical position makes of it a nodal point in global considerations of strategy. The world's Chancelleries and General Staffs will be watching developments there with anxiety.

Washington comment has been to the effect that the attempted coup, led by the experienced plotter General Kach Songgram, and supported by the influential naval commander, Admiral Taharn, is purely an internal affair, not involving external political considerations. But events of this kind have a habit of creating serious confusion in the countries where they occur and among neighbouring states. There are, in Thailand, other revolutionary elements besides those now fighting openly for control of the national administration. They are said to be in close contact with the Burmese insurgents and with the guerrillas in Malaya. They have been strongly influenced by the Viet Minh developments across the Indo-Chinese border, and may be expected to take advantage of the unsettled conditions which are likely to be the consequence of the Thai navy's mutiny and the attempted seizure of power in Bangkok.

Marshal Pibul Songgram's Government was not well founded. It has been described as a "bastion of democracy" in South East Asia. Internally, however, the country is run by a fairly repressive dictatorship. Marshal Pibul came to power by a coup d'etat in November 1947 and has succeeded in keeping power only by ruthless measures against his opponents. During his dictatorship, Siam has been prosperous and a monied class has developed which regards the Marshal's military government as its main guarantee; and therefore has been willing to support it. But it is doubtful if the Government has any other friends, outside its army and police force, in Thailand.

Whilst Marshal Pibul has been the object of some adulation at home, the West, and particularly Britain, has felt little confidence in the durability of his administration and considerable anxiety about what might happen if it should collapse. The former Leftist leader, Pridi Panamyong, has been in Canton making friends among the Chinese, and is thought to have visited Ho Chi Minh in Indo-China. If, as a result of the latest attempted coup d'etat, civil confusion extends throughout the whole of the country, we shall almost certainly hear again of Pridi Panamyong and his substantial following.

Thailand Dismisses Naval Chiefs

BANGKOK, Tuesday (UP). —The Chief Admiral of the Thailand Navy, Luang Sindhu Kamolnaw, and 17 other high-ranking Naval officers have been dismissed, the Government announced yesterday.

No reasons for the dismissals were given and there was no indication that they were being investigated in connection with the recent abortive coup d'etat. High Government sources, however, said the investigators had mentioned "high Naval officers" as the leaders of the rebellion but withheld their identity pending further investigation.

ARGUMENT OVER PROFITS STOPPED ROYALTY ADVANCES

IRAN'S TREASURY HIT BY OIL DISPUTE

By Flora Lewis

TEHERAN. —

PERSIA'S governmental Bank Melli has sent unofficial feelers to the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company about finding some way to keep oil royalties coming into the nation's treasury despite the break-down resulting from nationalization of the oil industry.

These feelers were sent shortly after Premier Mohammed Mossadeq took office and apparently without his knowledge. They reflected the concern of Persian finance chiefs at their country's diminished foreign exchange earnings. Naturally, AIOC could do nothing about it in view of the nationalization law.

Iran's present foreign exchange position is not bad, and, with the payments made in advance by the company just before the crisis here developed, the Treasury could probably hold out for the rest of the year without feeling any severe pinch.

Exports for 1950 were double those for 1949 while imports showed a small decline. Crops this year promise to be excellent, thus making unnecessary the wheat imports hitherto required as a result of last year's crop failure. The figures (for the Persian year which begins on March 21) are: 1950—exports $110,584,000 imports, $195,000,000; 1949—exports $53,776,000; imports $212,072,000.

100 Per Cent Gap

Nevertheless, the trade gap is still nearly 100 per cent. This does not include oil payments, and those which have been made in the past, both under the existing agreement and as advances looking to revision of the agreement, together with the oil company's currency imports brought the deficit down near balance. In addition to direct royalty payments, AIOC contributes to Iran's stock of foreign exchange through tax payments on imports not directly used in the exploitation of oil, and various local taxes amounting to approximately £2,000,000 ($5,600,000) yearly.

The company also buys about £20,000,000 ($56,000,000) worth of Iranian rials each year to meet local expenses. These are purchased from the government at its official rate of 90 to the pound and the government resells the foreign exchange thus obtained to importers at either 112 or 132 to the pound sterling depending on the type of business, thus providing a considerable rial profit to the treasury.

The trade figures do not, however, give a proper picture of the government's foreign exchange reserves, since the ineffective system of currency and import controls allows most of the non-oil benefits to dribble away and turn up on Teheran's streets in such luxury goods as expensive cars and jewellery or as private deposits abroad. It has been estimated that the government gets little more than one-third of the foreign exchange earned in trade.

Trade with the Soviet Union which was formally resumed in November 1950 has not been included in the latest figures. This trade is on a barter basis but because Persia's exports are mostly seasonal, it has been overwhelmingly one-sided thus far. Up to the end of February of this year, Russia had sent 400,000,000 rials worth of sugar, chinaware, cement and manufactured consumer goods to Persia and received only 14,000,000 rials worth—mainly rice, some dried fruits, tobacco and sheepskins.

AIOC's Contribution

About 30 per cent of the government's income arises directly or indirectly from the oil company, 10 to 15 per cent from direct taxes, and the rest from excises, customs and indirect taxes, such as those on sugar, tea and the tobacco monopoly which hit the poor the hardest. It is hard to get even faintly reliable estimates of the extent to which the government is cheated out of its comparatively moderate income taxes; careful foreign observers calculate that only one in every ten of the big tax evaders are ever exposed at all.

Because of this wobbly financial system, rather than because of important expenditures, the government is always short of funds. An estimated 85 per cent of its budget goes for salaries — very little for purchases or payments—and it is commonplace for government employees to wait anything from one to six months for their pay. So it is not surprising that the bank officials are worried at the disappearance of the one regular, certain source of income—AIOC payments.

Forgery Alleged

These payments ended in March this year, at about the same time as the nationalization decree was passed, but not because of it. AIOC had agreed to pay the former Premier, General Ali Razmara, who was assassinated, £2,000,000 monthly as advances in the event of upward revision of the royalty agreement. Razmara's successor, Hussein Ala, said that the sums would instead be considered back payments due to Iran on the grounds that the company had falsified its books to hide certain profits. The company could not accept this assertion and the payments stopped.

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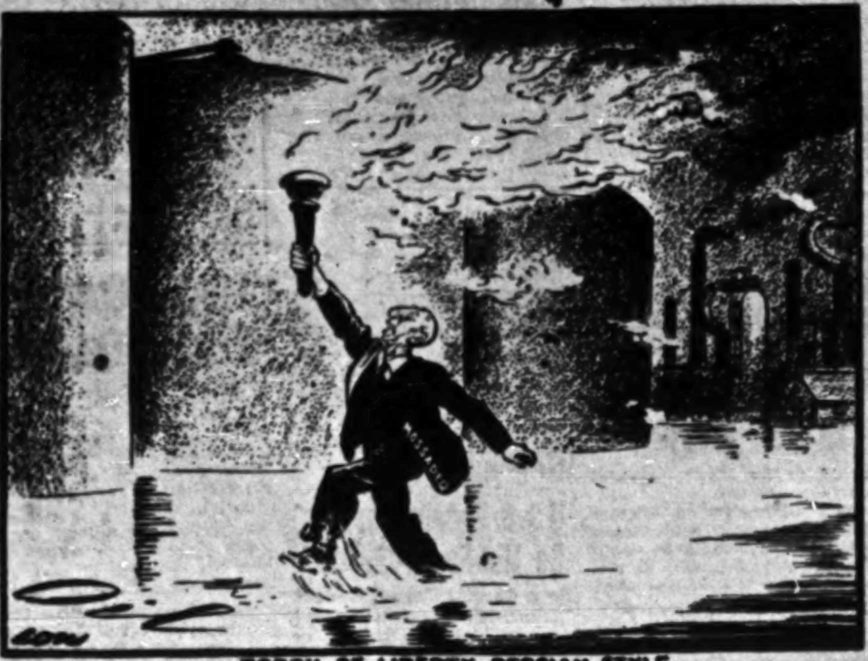

TORCH OF LIBERTY, PERSIAN STYLE

Readers' Letters

JERUSALEM'S ICE DISTRIBUTION

To the Editor of THE POST

Sir, — Enough has already been said in these columns about the shortcomings and effects of Jerusalem's ice supply. However when the little ice there is finally gets on the streets (every day at a different place and at a different time), we are treated to a display of brawny youngsters and hearty females pushing aside old ladies and that small percentage of the population which is disciplined enough to stand two hours in the sun in a queue. Today, after several friends and myself had been overcome by the task of keeping an ice queue in order, I telephoned the Police at 999 and asked for a constable. By the time the ice had run out a policeman had still failed to put in an appearance. One way of preventing these disturbing scenes would be to attach a policeman to each of Jerusalem's very few ice trucks, instead of congregating six of them around one particular shop.

Yours, etc.
JOURNALIST
Jerusalem, July 3

To the Editor of THE POST

Sir, — I often wonder whether the authorities responsible for ice distribution in Jerusalem have an idea of how it is done. Every day something else is wrong, and from day to day we don't know whether we are going to get ice or not, whether it will be before midday or in the evening. It is almost impossible to leave the house for one or two hours to shop. Last week we were advised that there would be no distribution on Tuesday so as to have enough for Thursday and Friday. The iceman did not appear on Thursday or Friday. We were without ice for four consecutive days.

Yours etc.
Jerusalem, July 3. L.E.

MUSICAL DIARY

THE Orchestra of the Israel Conservatoire of Music, conducted by Gideon Roehr, gave a concert which was broadcast on Wednesday by Kol Israel. The orchestra performed music by Bach, Haydn and Telemann well, although we could have imagined more liveliness in the execution. Uri Shoham was soloist in Telemann's Suite for Flute and Orchestra.

Academy Concert

The New Jerusalem Conservatoire and Academy of Music presented its students in a concert on Saturday night at Schmidt's College. Amihud Spiegel, violinist, showed himself to be most promising in Beethoven's wonderful duo-sonata in G, opus 30/3. Meir Harnik, who has already graduated from the academy, exhibited fine musicianship in the piano part. Yael Rubinstein played Mendelssohn's "Variations Serieuses" with technical skill; but she should not use the pedal so much. Miss Silberfarb gave a good performance of Beethoven's rondo, "Die Wut ueber den verlorenen Groschen."

Ruth Lewin and Gilla Lewit lacked sensitivity and shading of colour in their performances of Debussy.

Teachers' Concert

A vivid performance of Stravinsky's "Suite Italienne" from "Pulcinella" for cello (P. Blasberger) and piano (Miss Eshel) opened the uncommonly attractive programme of the concert given by the teaching staff of the New Jerusalem Academy and Conservatoire of Music at the Y.M.C.A., on Monday night. Rose Sander's soprano was highly dramatic in Beethoven's "Ah perfido" and meltingly sweet in an aria from Mozart's "Il Re Pastore." Ending with the charming waltz from Gounod's "Faust," she demonstrated once again that she has the most beautiful voice in the country.

G. Jarecki performed commendably on the piano, as did G. Jacobi (viola) in the Mozart aria. The pianist Alice Herz excelled in five fascinating dances by Smetana, her performance being full of temperament, dynamic and exquisite in touch and feeling.

Berkshire Plans

Those who know how much the Berkshire Music Centre depended on the personal enthusiasm of Serge Koussevitzky anxiously wonder what will become of the famous summer school. According to "The New York Times," this year the school will continue. No one will be given the title of director, but the administrative responsibility will be divided between Leonard Bernstein and Aaron Copland. Whatever the fate of the school, there is no question about the continuation of the profitable Berkshire Festival. The Boston Symphony's summer concerts at Tanglewood will go on. Charles Munch, already scheduled to lead five of the concerts, will take over two of Dr. Koussevitzky's three concerts and six of the Theatre Concert Hall programme. Beethoven's *Missa Solemnis* will be led by Bernstein as a memorial to Koussevitzky. The Centre's major opera, Tchaikovsky's "Pique Dame," will be conducted by Boris Goldovsky.

FRANCO

In Haifa

HAIFA's Officers Club in Stella Maris is one of the most beautiful spots on Mount Carmel. It was the ideal setting for a concert (on Thursday) arranged by the Officers Club and the Grete Weiss-Bab Studio of singing. Four participants: Zoe Vatikioti (soprano), Hedwa Oren, (mezzo soprano), Tuvia Levy (tenor) and Jehoshua Essner (baritone), impressed their audience, offering a large programme, consisting of opera arias and songs. Outstanding were Essner in Philipp's aria from Verdi's "Don Carlos," Oren in Rosina's aria from "The Barber of Seville," Vatikioti in Strauss' "Voices of Spring" and Levy in an aria from Verdi's "Aida." It is intended to continue these concerts once every month.

Z.

AN ISRAELI IN WEST GERMANY (II)

Nazis Ballyhoo Auerbach Case

By Ruth Cale

FRANKFURT —

FOR over three months now, the Jewish former president of the Bavarian Restitution Department, Dr. Philipp Auerbach, has been under arrest in a Munich nursing home, while scores of officials of the Justice and Police departments are investigating allegations of large-scale corruption and fraud in which he is said to have been involved.

The Bavarian authorities have seen to it that the Auerbach case does not die down, and have been giving a hand with periodical reports on the investigations, spiced with acrimonious hints cleverly represented as facts. There is no law in Germany that considers people innocent until proved guilty. And the propaganda has had the desired results — in the eyes of the people, even most Jews, Auerbach is a criminal, despite the fact that some of the accusations have already been disproved. Luckily there are a few sane members of the U.S. High Commission who collect their own material with less passion.

Dr. Auerbach, the most active Jew of post-war Germany, who in 1945 organized Jewish communities throughout the country, performed religious rites including marriages; who promulgated the best and most far-reaching restitution laws (in Bavaria); who earlier headed the North-Rhine Westphalia denazification authority; and simultaneously held at least another dozen or so posts and titles, says of himself that he is the "most hated man of Bavaria." This, though negative, attribute flatters the tall and bulky man with the little mousy face, whose picture must always look like a caricature. Everything he does is done intensely.

11 Jews Dismissed

Auerbach was the last of 11 Jews who once headed the restitution offices of the various states. Now all have been dismissed and replaced by non-Jews, with the effect that results have been slowed down to a fraction of those achieved by the former officials. Auerbach is accused of a variety of irregularities, including trading with restitution claims and foreign exchange; paying money to fictitious persons; altering dates of residence periods to enable DP's to submit claims; accepting bribes and illegal fees; acquiring by illegal means furniture for his personal use; deducting from beneficiaries 15 marks on the completion of their cases for a benevolent fund; trading with food parcels, furs and jewellery.

It is an impressive list, but despite the fact that since the end of January, an average 100 of the best Bavarian police investigators have been checking his books; and despite the fact that a few days ago, Bavarian Justice Minister Joseph Mueller published a 4,000-work report on the case in the "Sueddeutsche Zeitung" and gave all allegations as undisputed facts, there is evidence that Dr. Auerbach had not been a party to certain irregularities which have undoubtedly taken place in his establishment which handles millions of marks and never had a properly trained staff. Indeed, not so long ago, Auerbach himself asked Mueller to set off an investigation because he felt illegal activity was going on. And a fortnight before the "occupation" of the offices, Minister President Hans Ehard thanked him in writing for the splendid work he was doing. But these facts are left out of Mueller's report.

Mueller, one of his many antagonists who does not omit any chance of throwing oil into the flames of scandal around Auerbach, has himself a record which is not secret in Germany. He began his glorious career in the Thirties as an "aryanizer," and proof in the form of blackmail letters bearing his signature is still available. Luckily for him, he belonged to the outer ring of Canaris' 1944 revolt, was hauled into Flossenburg concentration camp whence he emerged as the only survivor; how, nobody knows, but because of this "miracle," he was considered a hero in the immediate post-war period and was soon enough made Bavarian Justice Minister.

"Landsberg Seven"

Right from the fall of 1946, when Auerbach moved to Munich, Mueller tried to clear him out of office, and among the allies he collected were various shady characters. He also split the Jewish Community. Nasty party politics also entered into the picture, and finally Auerbach was dismissed, only to be reinstated by the Americans shortly afterwards. Then began a period of hostility, with both parties collecting material against each other. Auerbach, famous for never hiding his opinion, came out with reams of facts implicating his opponent in foreign exchange deals, blackmail and the like, as well as with his Nazi record.

With neo-Nazism's new upsurge, expressed clearly for the first time when the "Landsberg Seven" were to be executed at the end of January, Mueller and his many allies saw their chance of clearing this unwanted busybody out once and for all. Auerbach played into their hands.

In a restrained speech over the North-West Radio, he asserted that it would "run against justice" if "these men, soaked in blood right to their elbows" were reprieved. Shortly afterwards, Dr. Lehr, once mayor of Duesseldorf whom Auerbach had tried to dethrone because of his Nazi record, and now Minister of the Interior in Bonn, called his address "an abuse of the freedom of speech by an extremist individual at a time when the Federal Parliament unitedly demands a reprieve."

Lawyer Attacked

A couple of days after the radio speech, Mueller sent the police into Auerbach's offices, and six weeks later, Auerbach was arrested. His defence, which is in the hands of Joseph Klibanski, a prominent Frankfurt lawyer, has already prepared a long document discounting Mueller's acrimony, but he finds difficulty in finding a publisher.

Klibanski has not been left out of the concerted attacks of the press, and at the moment he is suing one of the papers for linking him with dope and coffee rings. The attorney asserts *inter alia* that while Auerbach's offices had made a six per cent profit out of restitution claims of concentration camp victims payable in two or three years' time and sold by claimants wishing to emigrate now, the Bavarian Finance Ministry itself earned 36 per cent and a special bankers' consortium purchasing such claims another 16 per cent. As Mueller stated in his report, the beneficiaries were left with about 40 per cent of their rightful property. But he does not say who is getting the balance.

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MOST PEOPLE
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On sale at all Banks
Price: IL.20
Half Debenture: IL.10

HITAHDUT OLEI BRITANNIA
PRE-ELECTION MEETING
Yamia Cafe, 74 Lord Samuel Esplanade (Corner of Rehov Trumpeldor), Tel Aviv, tomorrow, Thurs., July 5, 8 p.m.
MR. ARYEH HAENDLER will speak for the HAPOEL HAMIZRACHI
MR. B. LASERSON (head of the Information Office of the Jewish Agency in Tel Aviv) will speak for the PROGRESSIVE PARTY.

GENERAL ZIONISTS ORGANIZATION
CENTRE PARTY
SOLDIERS SECTION
We wish to announce to all our members serving in the army that our address and working hours have been changed.
NEW ADDRESS: 94 Allenby Rd. (new building) room 218. Tel Aviv.
Hours: 8 a.m.—12 noon, 4-7 p.m.

GENERAL ZIONISTS ORGANIZATION
CENTRE PARTY
SETTLEMENT DEPARTMENT
33 King George St., Tel Aviv
With the completion of the second phase of the expansion of the agricultural settlement of GIVAT ADA, there are still possibilities for additional settlers with capital and an inclination for agriculture.
Please apply to the offices of the Party, (Settlement Department) or to the Farmer's Federation, 108 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv.

WIZO,
JERUSALEM
The Bazaar
will be opened
at 11 a.m. today
at the
REHAVIA CAFE.
JERUSALEM.

OLEI EUROPA CIRCLE
OF THE GENERAL ZIONISTS
PARTY OF THE CENTRE
TONIGHT, AT 8.30
in the garden of PENSION FRANK
Rehov Hakeshet, RAMAT GAN
Talk in German by
Dr. MENASHEM DOLAN (Dr. Landau)
on
"ISRAEL SEEN FROM ABROAD"
GUESTS WELCOME

KADIMAH School of Languages
14 Rehov Ben Yehuda, Tel Aviv.
INTENSIVE COURSES will start on Tuesday, July 10.
1. HEBREW
a) Beginners — 10.30 a.m. until 1 p.m., 5 times a week
b) Intermediate — 8-10 a.m., 5 times a week
2. ENGLISH
Intensive course during the summer holidays for pupils in the upper grades of elementary schools.
a) for the 5th class: 3—4 p.m.
b) for the 6th class: 9—10 a.m.
c) for the 7th class: 8—9 a.m. or 3—4 p.m.
Small classes, 5 times a week, by teachers trained in England and teachers from local elementary schools, for the purpose of improving pronunciation, correcting style, spelling and grammar; conversation, etc.
Information and registration from 9-10 a.m. and 4-8 p.m. for all courses, as well as existing Hebrew and English classes.

OLEI EUROPA CIRCLE
OF THE GENERAL ZIONISTS
Party of the Centre
Saturday, July 7, at 11 a.m. at the
ORION CINEMA, Rehov Maccabi, TEL AVIV
Dr. PAUL ARNSBERG
Member of the Party Executive
DR. SALO WOLF
will talk (in German) on
"BEFORE THE DECISION"
President: KURT TUCHLER (member of the Party Management)
Entrance free

18th
STAMP AUCTION
A stamp auction will be held on Thursday, July 19, 1951 at the Beth Hahalutzot, 37 King George St., Tel Aviv, at 7.30 p.m.
First class selection of classic and modern stamps, collections and stamp lots. The stamps may be inspected at my shop, Tel Aviv: 4 Rehov Hess between 10 a.m. — 1 p.m. and 4 — 7 p.m. daily and on Sunday, July 15, at Hotel Nesher, 53 Rehov Herzl, Haifa. The catalogue can be obtained at my shop or will be sent free of charge on request in writing.
H. GLUECK
4 Rehov Hess. Tel Aviv. Tel. 3987

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